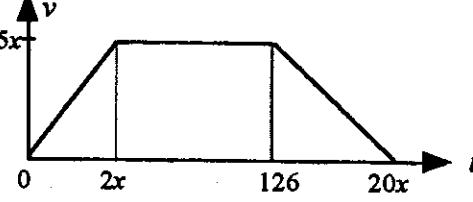


**MECHANICS 1 (A) TEST PAPER 5 : ANSWERS AND MARK SCHEME**

1.	(a) $R = 2(5 \sin 55^\circ) = 8.19 \text{ N}$	(b) Bearing = $035^\circ$	M1 A1 A1; M1 A1	5
2.	(a) $M(Z) : 0.7(2g) = 2.8(mg)$	$m = 0.5 \text{ kg}$	M1 M1 A1 A1	
	(b) Greater, as moment of weight larger and distance to stone less		B1 B1	6
3.	(a) $F - 400 = 2150 \times 0.2$	$F = 400 + 430 = 830 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 A1	
	(b) $F - 300 - T = 1800 \times 0.2$	$T = 530 - 360 = 170 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 M1 A1	7
4.	(a) 		B2 graph B2 labelling	
	(b) Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5x (20x + 126 - 2x) = 45x^2 + 315x = 5400$ (given) $\div 45 : x^2 + 7x = 120$		M1 M1 A1 A1	
	(c) $x^2 + 7x - 120 = 0$ $(x - 8)(x + 15) = 0$ $x = 8$		M1 A1 A1	11
5.	(a) $\overrightarrow{OP} = t(5\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$ , $\overrightarrow{OQ} = (4t\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$		B1 M1 A1	
	(b) $PQ = -t\mathbf{i} + (6 - 2t)\mathbf{j}$ $d^2 = (-t)^2 + (6 - 2t)^2 = 5t^2 - 24t + 36$		M1 A1 M1 A1 A1	
	(c) $\frac{d}{dt}(d^2) = 10t - 24 = 0$ for min. $t = 2.4$		M1 A1 A1	
	(d) When $t = 2.4$ , $PQ = \sqrt{7.2} = 2.68 \text{ m}$ Then $\overrightarrow{OP} = (12\mathbf{i} + 4.8\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$ , $\overrightarrow{OQ} = (9.6\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$		M1 A1 B1 B1	15
6.	(a) $8m \div m = 8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$		M1 A1	
	(b) Momentum : $2m(6) = 2mv_A + 8m$ $v_A = 2 \text{ ms}^{-1}$		M1 A1 A1	
	(c) $8m - 11m = mv_B$ $v_B = -3$ , i.e. $3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ in reverse direction		M1 A1 A1	
	(d) $B$ has moved $3 \text{ m}$ in $\frac{3}{8} \text{ s}$ , during which time $A$ has moved $0.75 \text{ m}$ so $A$ and $B$ are $2.25 \text{ m}$ apart. Let $d$ = required distance :		M1 A1 A1	
	$d \div 3 = (2.25 - d) \div 2$ $2d = 6.75 - 3d$ $d = 1.35 \text{ m}$		M1 A1 A1	
	(e) Modelled as particles, so width of spheres is negligible		B1	15
7.	(a) Resolve // to plane : $\mu R + mg \sin 30^\circ = kmg \cos 30^\circ$		M1 A1	
	Resolve perp. to plane : $R + kmg \sin 30^\circ = mg \cos 30^\circ$		M1 A1	
	$\mu mg(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}k) = mg(k\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2})$ $\mu = \frac{k\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}-k}$		M1 A1 A1	
	(b) With $k = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{7}$ , $\mu = (\frac{9}{7} - 1) \div \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{7} - \frac{2}{4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$		M1 A1 A1	
	(c) Force down plane = $\frac{1}{2}mg$ Max. friction = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \times mg \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{1}{4}mg$ so moves down with acceleration $\frac{1}{4}g = 2.45 \text{ ms}^{-2}$		B1 M1 A1 M1 A1	
	(d) $P$ is shown as a ball, in which case it would roll		B1	16